





Strengthening Project Proposal Development

Overview of Project Design and Project Management

13 May 2024

EASTERN PARTNERSHIP CIVIL SOCIETY FACILITY PROJECT







Strengthening Project Proposal Development

A series of webinars to guide CSOs in the Eastern Partnership on how to prepare proposals for EU funding



DATES

13, 15, 17 and 20 May 2024



TIME

13:00 - 14:00 CET (Brussels time)



13 May: Overview of Project Design and Project Management



15 May: People in Projects



17 May: Purpose and Objectives in Projects



20 May: Monitoring and Control in Projects

Trainer: Agustín Moya-Colorado

Senior Project Management Expert at Helpdesk for EU grantees at EaP Civil Society Facility





Agustín Moya Colorado

- Agricultural Engineer
- 25 years working experience in Project Management in the area of International Development Cooperation
- Working experience with NGO and with donor agencies (EC)
- Nicaragua, Guatemala, Namibia, Mozambique, Cyprus
- PM² certified
- Helpdesk for the EaP Civil Society facility:
 - grantees_helpdesk@eapcivilsociety.eu
- LinkedIn





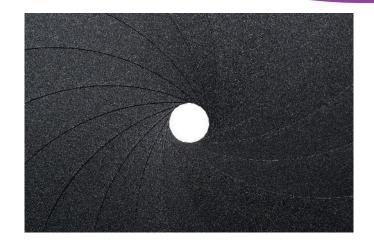






Proposed rules for the session

- We are using Zoom in Webinar Mode
- We are a large group:
 - Cameras and microphones are off by default
- Questions:
 - Please use the Zoom Q&A section for specific questions on the content of the webinar
 - These will be answered at the end of the session
 - Please use the **Zoom Chat section** to share your experience or comments.
 - We will not be able to answer questions posed in the chat.







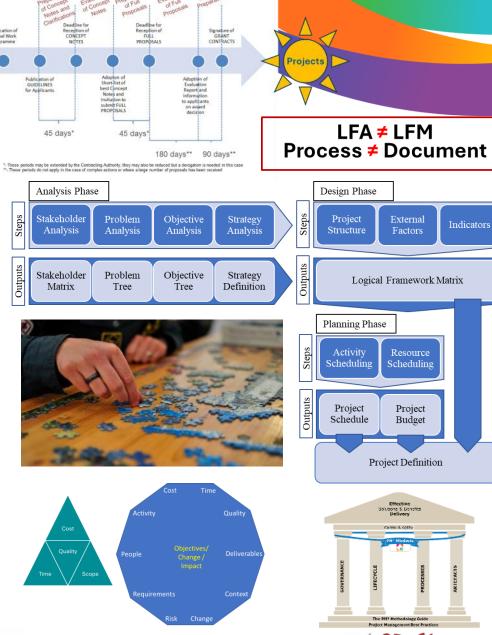






Recap from D1

- EU-Funded projects are complex and competitive, generally organized in two steps: CN and FA
- Project Design is fundamental, and it is supported by the LFA, which is different from the LFM; and it is assessed at CN stage.
- Make sure you cover all steps in the Analysis to answer all the questions in the evaluation grids.
- At FA













Day 2 – People in Projects 15 May 2024

- Project Stakeholders:
 - Definitions
 - Tools and best practices
- Project Governance and Accountability:
 - Definitions
 - Tools and Best Practices
- Questions and Answers











Stakeholders in EU-funded Projects









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People in Projects: Who are the people? Please type **words** you associate to people in projects

People in Projects Donors Who are the People? Target Government Groups CSO Suppliers Final Subgrantees Beneficiaries Other CSOs









Why are people important in projects?

- Projects are about people
- Projects are about change
- Projects are about changing people ´s lives
- It is of utmost importance to keep in mind the People Dimension of your Project at all times
- We need to know about the people as much as possible
 - Organize the knowledge











People in EU Projects Definitions

A stakeholder is any individual, group or organisation that can affect, be affected by (positively or negatively), or even perceive itself to be affected by the project.

A stakeholder can also **exert influence** over the project and its deliverables.

Target groups are the groups/entities who will **directly benefit** from the action at the action purpose level.

Final beneficiaries are those who will benefit from the action **in the long term** at the level of the society or sector at large





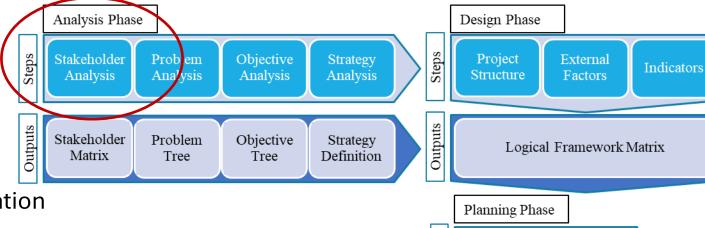






Stakeholder Analysis

- First step in the Logical framework Approach
 - Stakeholder analysis
 - Problem analysis
 - Objective/solution analysis
 - Strategy
 - Project intervention
 - Assumptions
 - Indicators and sources of verification
 - Plan and Budget
- Essential to understand the reality that we intend to change











Resource

Scheduling

Project

Budget

Project Definition

Activity

Scheduling

Project

Schedule

Stakeholder Analysis - benefits

- Assess the interest of each stakeholder in the intervention's success/failure.
- Assess the stakeholder's power (influence) to support or obstruct the intervention.
- Identify the relative position of all actors towards an intervention.
- Provides key information for project design, and scope definition.
- Define an appropriate engagement and communications strategy.
- Uncovers conflicts, risks, and opportunities.
- Allows for better decision-making.
- Facilitates sustainability









Stakeholder Analysis - steps

- 1. Identify all stakeholders
- 2. Assess stakeholders
- 3. Map stakeholders
- 4. Define engagement and communication strategy











1. Identify all stakeholders

- Have the **definition** at hand
- Initial brainstorming exercise
- Interviews with key informants
 - Ask, ask, ask
- List them and gather preliminary information:
 - Quantitative data (socio-economic indicators)
 - Gender
 - Characteristics (needs, capacities, etc.)

A stakeholder is any individual, group or organisation that can affect, be affected by (positively or negatively), or even perceive itself to be affected by the project.

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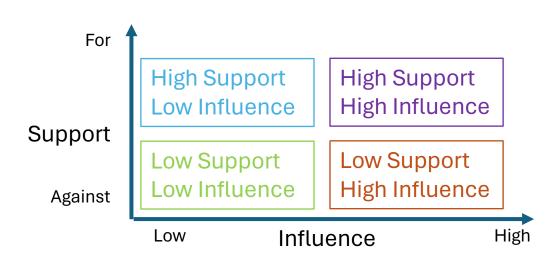


2. Assess stakeholders

- Refine your data and systematize it
 - Stakeholder Matrix

Stakeholder	Characteristics	Needs	Capacities	Support	Influence	Engagement

- Incorporate criteria for:
 - Support / Interest
 - Influence / Power
 - Support x Influence Matrix









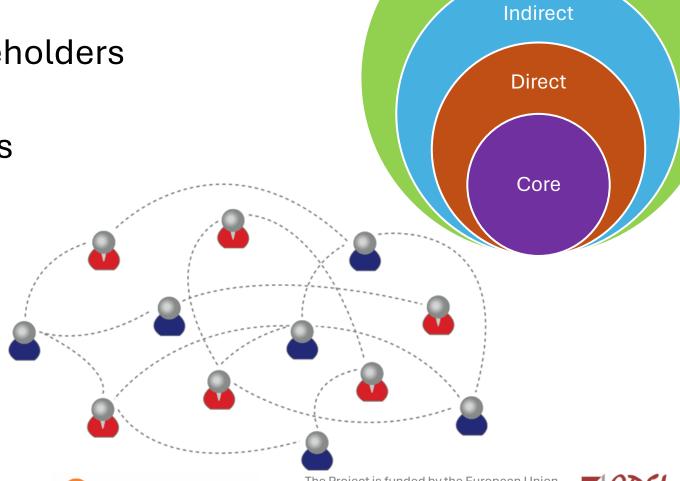


3. Map stakeholders

 Visualize where your stakeholders are and how they interact

Use different visualizations

- Look for:
 - Potential conflicts
 - Alliances / Partnerships
 - Opposition
 - Risks and opportunities
 - Rights-based stakeholders













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4. Define engagement and communication strategy

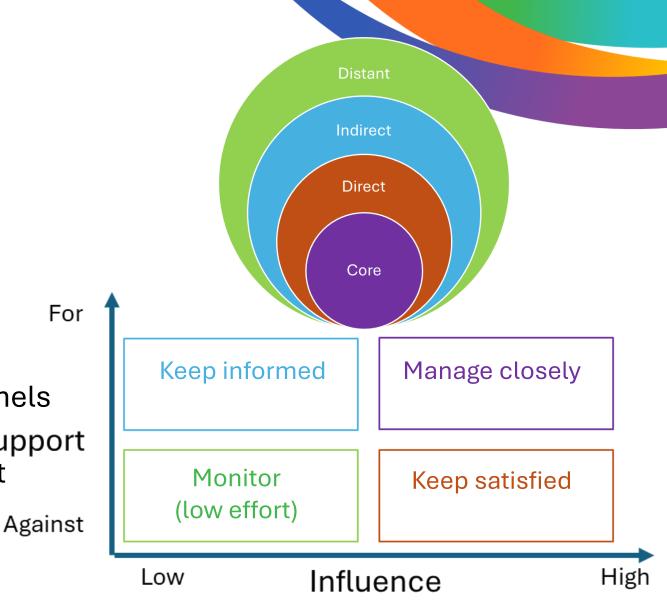
 Based on the stakeholder assessment and mapping:

> Appropriate communication modalities should be developed

 Frame and adapt dialogue channels and messages
 Support

Reinforce ownership and benefit perception

Mitigate risks and exploit opportunities











Stakeholder Analysis - process

- Stakeholder análisis and engagement is not a one-time exercise
- It is a continuous process
 - Monitor
 - Adapt
 - Engage
 - Ensure participation
- Key for sustainability
 - Engagement / participation is usually correlated to sustainability











People in the Human Rights-Based Approach



- Gap Analysis (Categories)
 - Availability
 - Accesibility
 - Affordability and Acceptability
 - Quality
 - Sustainability
 - Gap Analysis (Principles)
 - Legality, universality and indivisibility
 - Participation
 - Non-discrimination
 - Accountability and Rule of Law
 - Transparency









People in the Human Rights-Based Approach





Webinar by Paul Dalton (DK), Expert on Human Rights, HRBA and Inclusive Governance, available at the **EaP eLearning Hub**









Project Governance in EU-funded Projects









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Who do you work for?

(i) Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.









Project Governance and Accountability

- Governance is the adequate and clear assignment of:
 - Roles
 - Responsibilities
- Necessary to define and establish:
 - Who does what
 - Who **is responsible/accountable** for what happens in the project
 - How decision-making happens
 - How information needs to flow











Project Governance and Responsibility (ARSCI)

- Responsibilities may be defined by:
 - Level of involvement in management tasks
 - Level of answerability (accountability)

Accountable	They delegate the execution of the work, but approve it and take final responsibility. There is only one Accountable role	
Responsible	Responsible for carrying out the work. There is only one Responsible role	
Support	They support and assist in carrying out the work, as part of the team. There can be several Supporters	
Consulted	These roles are consulted for the work	
Informed	They are regularly informed of the progress of the work	



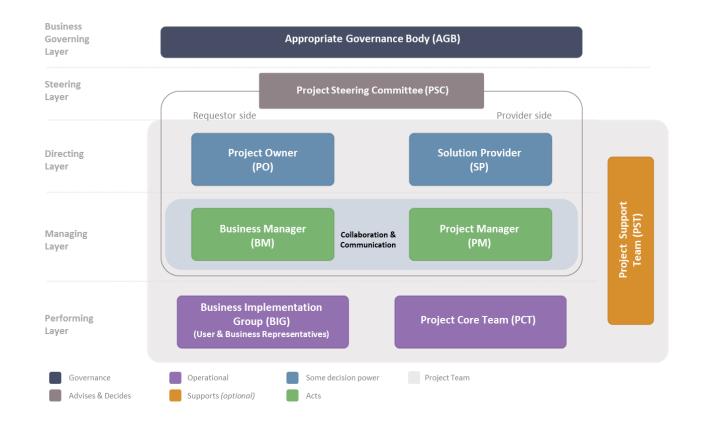






Project Governance and Roles

- Roles are defined in a Governance Model by:
 - Decision making
 - Positioning in Management
 - Strategy
 - Operational











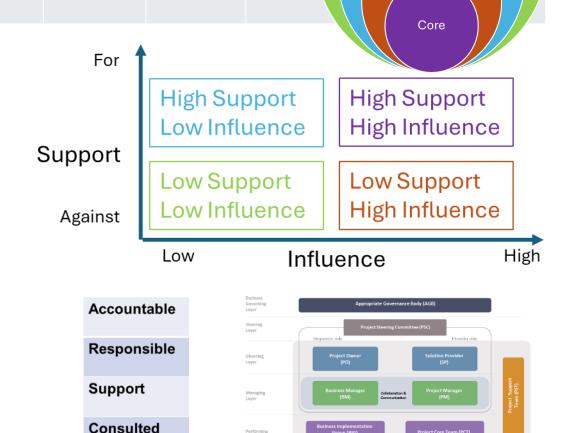
Wrap-up

 People are core elements in Projects – keep a people-oriented mindset

Stakeholder

Characteristics

- The more you know about the people in your Project, more elements of success in your favour
- Conduct Stakeholder Analysis at the very beginning and regularly update it with the tools at your disposal
- Establish a clear Governance Model for your project, assigning Roles and Responsibilities



Influenc







Capacities

Support

Needs



Direct

Informed

Thank you very much for your kind attention

Questions and answers



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Has this 2nd session been useful to you?